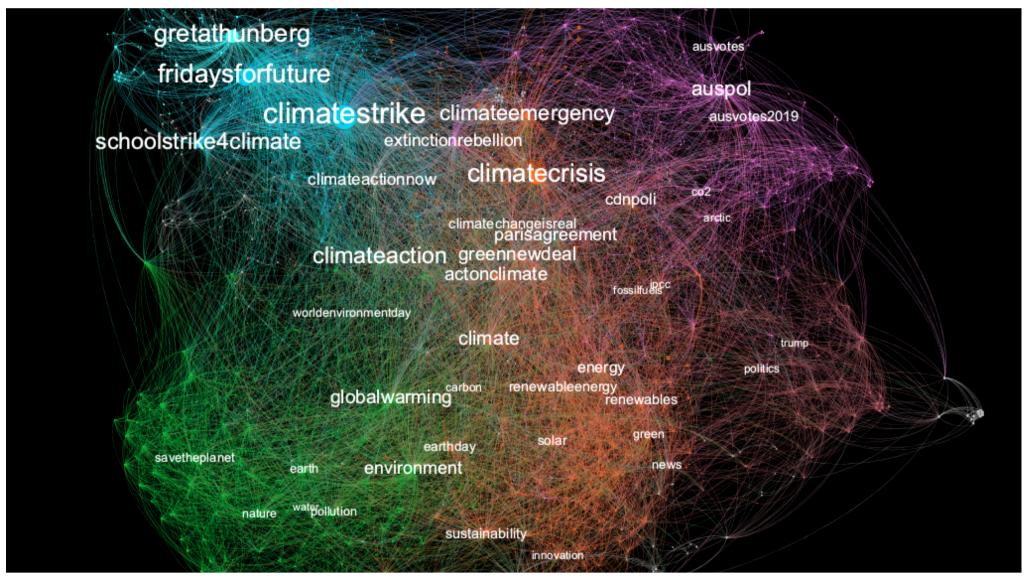
Social network analysis







Lecturers

Tomaso Erseghe

tomaso.erseghe@unipd.it room 217, DEI/A office hours: contact me by email





Caterina Suitner



caterina.suitner@unipd.it room 20-21, Via Venezia 8 office hours: see my page

https://didattica.unipd.it/off/docente/55C3F2D5E9400D02D6F95ED6B1978BAC



In this course you'll also meet

Lejla Dzanko



Bruno Gabriel Salvador Casara



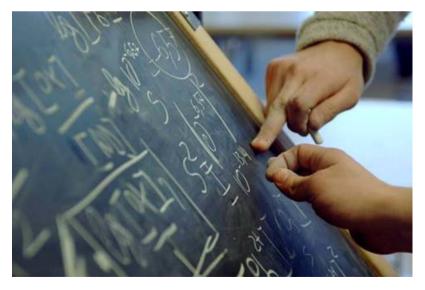
Lectures

☐ Thu 8:30-10:00

Fri 8:30-10:00

Room 13 Complesso Beato Pellegrino Via Beato Pellegrino, 32 Padova







Prerequisites

Useful Knowledge

Statistics / Statistical analysis
Socio psychological processes of communication
Techniques for social inquiry



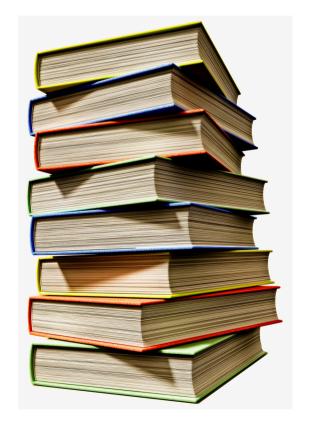
Networking processes in sociology, semantics, etc ...
Coding





Textbooks?

- No textbook! ②
- ☐ Slides/videos & additional material available in Moodle @ssu.elearning.unipd.it



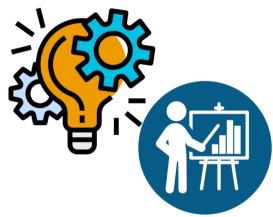


Exam style

Written test for verifying the students' understanding of the course



Group Project
Short essay
10 min presentation (slides)
5 min for questions



☐ Final grade: 40% test, 60% project

+2 bonus if completed by 1st session/IP day



What is SNA?

Social network analysis

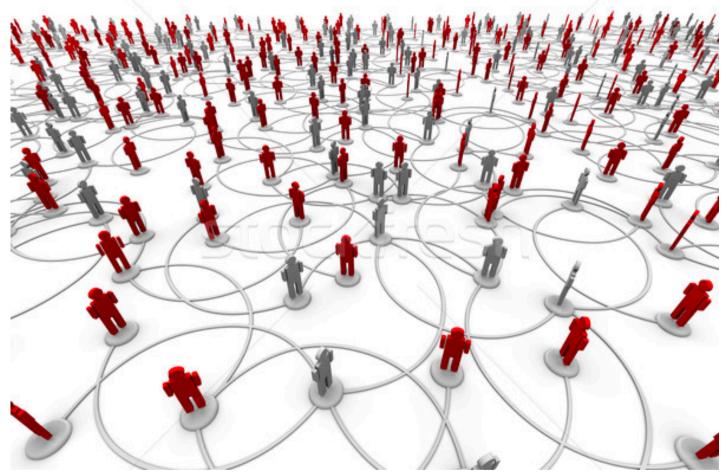
From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia



through the use of networks and graph theory. It characterizes networked structures in terms of *nodes* (individual actors, people, or things within the network) and the *ties*, *edges*, or *links* (relationships or interactions) that connect them. Examples of social structures commonly visualized through social network analysis include social media networks, [2][3] memes spread, [4] information circulation, friendship and acquaintance networks, business networks, knowledge networks, difficult working relationships, social networks, collaboration graphs, kinship, disease transmission, and sexual relationships. [9][10] These networks are often visualized through sociograms in which nodes are represented as points and ties are represented as lines. These visualizations provide a means of qualitatively assessing networks by varying the visual representation of their nodes and edges to reflect attributes of interest. [11]



What is a network?



Network = anything that interconnects
 e.g., people sharing friendship in a social network platform



What is SNA? (cont'd)

Social network analysis

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

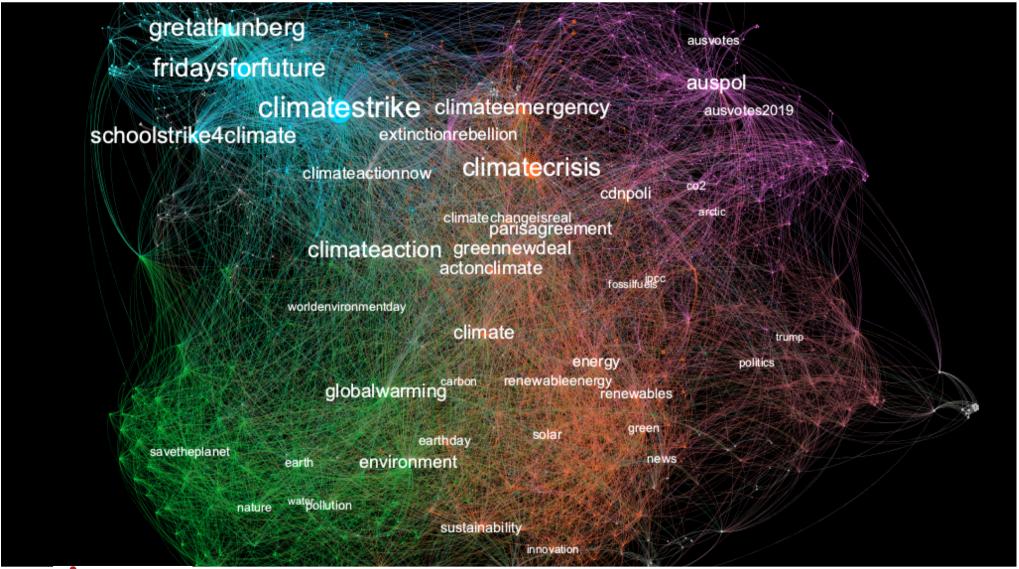


Social network analysis has emerged as a key technique in modern sociology. It has also gained a significant following in anthropology, biology, [12] demography, communication studies [3][13] economics, geography, history, information science, organizational studies, [6][8] political science, public health, [14][7] social psychology, development studies, sociolinguistics, and computer science [15] and is now commonly available as a consumer tool (see the list of SNA software). [16][17][18][19]



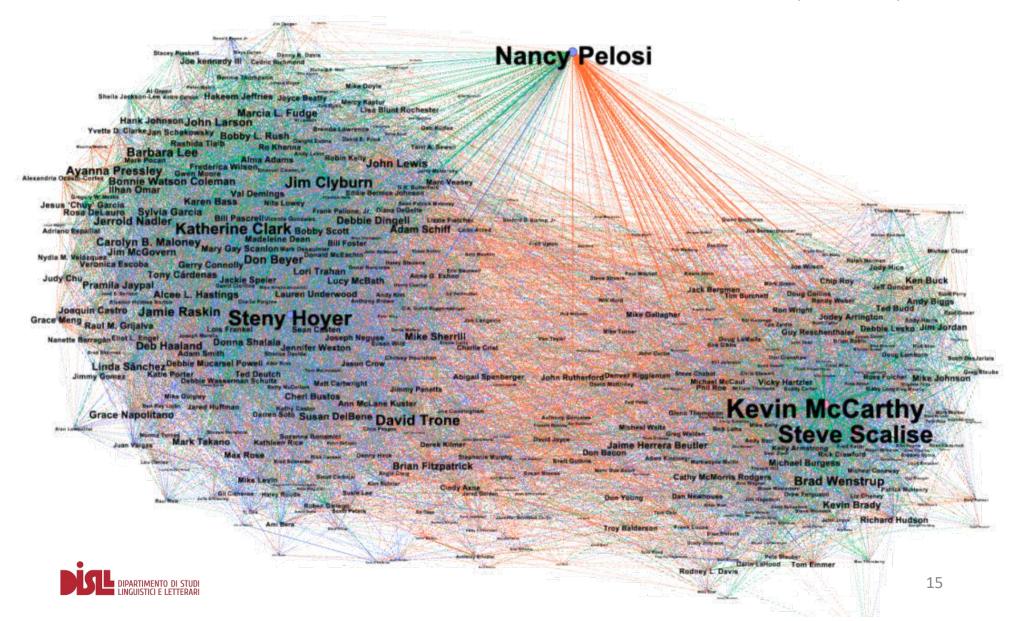
Network examples

2019 hashtag network related to #climatechange (from Twitter)

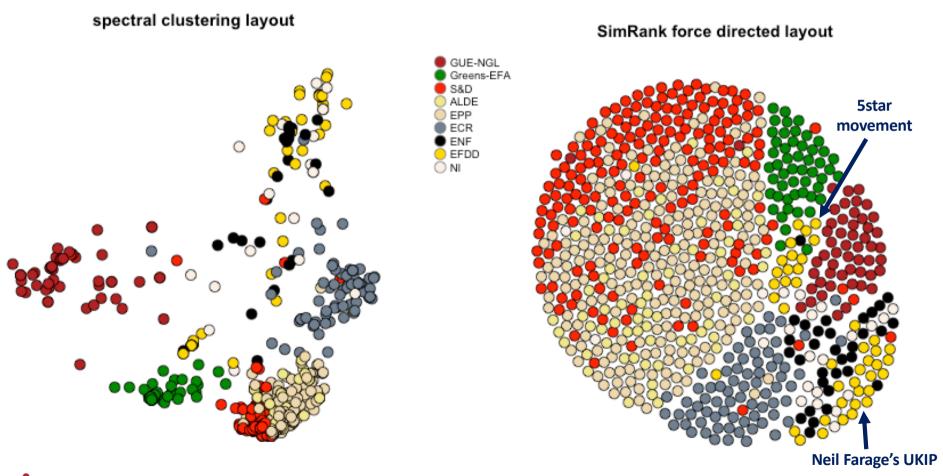




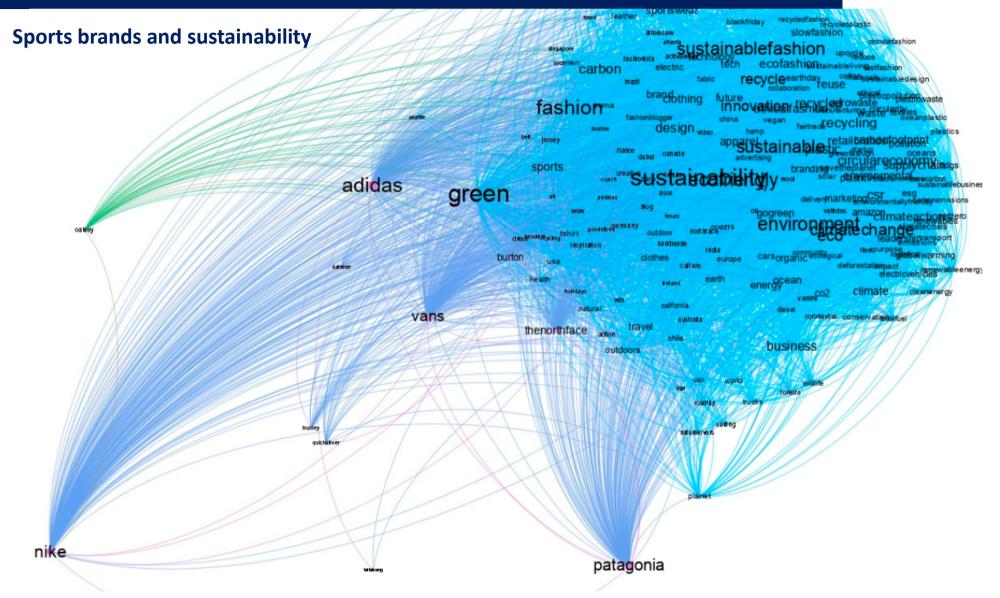
US Parliament – likes, mentions, retweets



April-May 2016 political network (votes at the EU parliament)

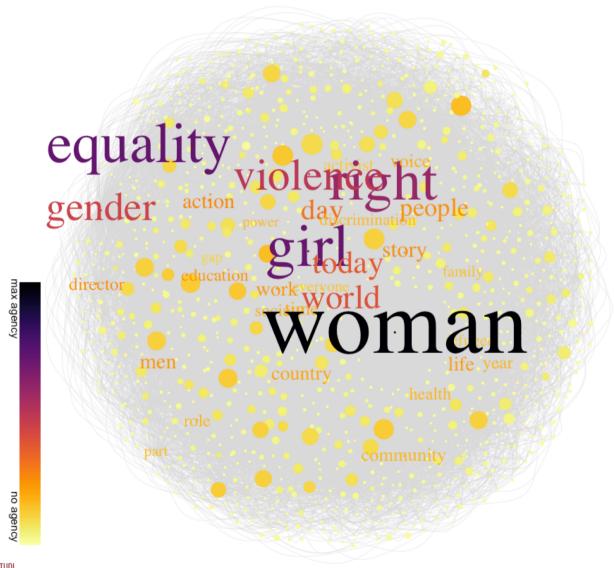








2018 nouns network related to @UN_Women pages on Twitter



Erasmus+ exchange, 2016 enrolment

Fields of study

Health and Welfare Education

Arts, Humanities

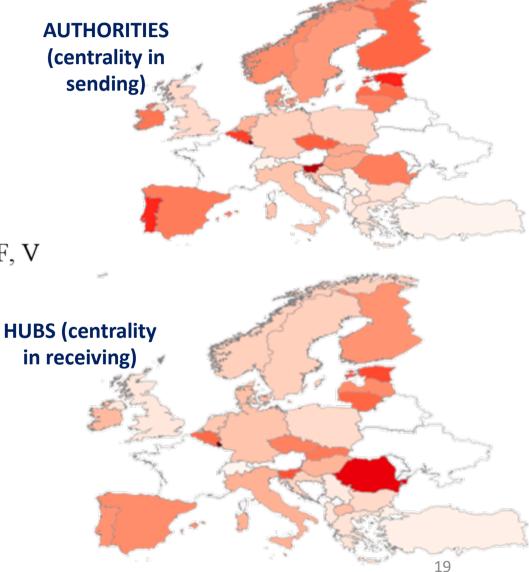
Services Social sciences

Business, A, L Agriculture, F, F, V

Natura sciences

ICTs

Engineering, M, C





And how do we study networks?

With a holistic character

(the whole is greater than the sum of its parts)

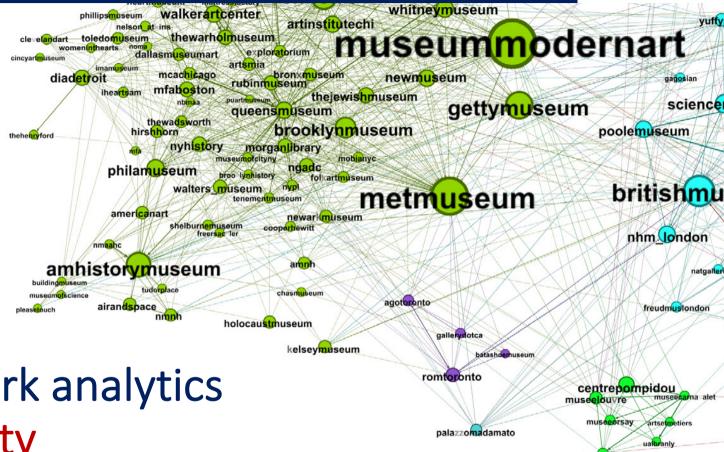
The approach is

Empirical (driven by concrete data),
Precise (requires a proper formalism),
Interdisciplinary (can be applied to several fields),
Challenging (in data size and in objectives), and

...and fun 😊



And what do we study?



many network analytics e.g., <u>centrality</u>

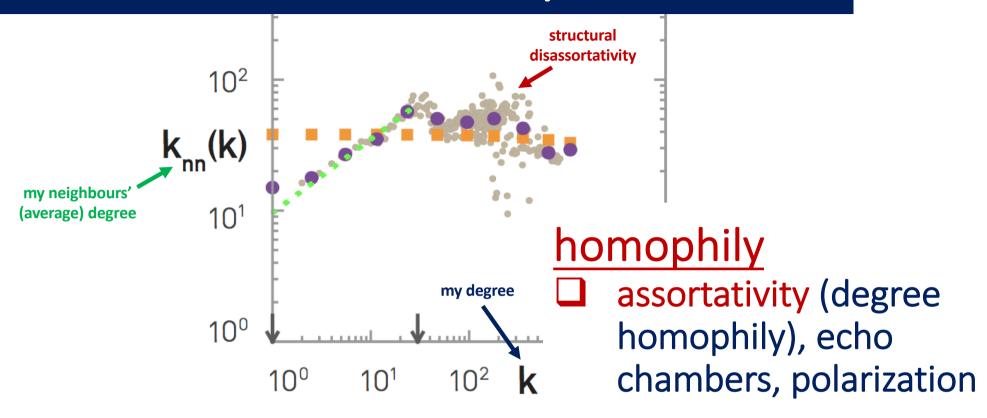
degree, PageRank, HITS, betweenness, etc.



And what do we study? ... cont'd community detection modularity, Louvain algorithm, conductance, spectral clustering, overlapping communities



And what do we study? ... cont'd



robustness

how robust is a network to node removal?

link prediction

which is the next link to activate?



What about interdisciplinary projects?

Rationale

in collaboration with the twin course of Network Science @ ICT for Internet & Multimedia / Data Science

SNA students suggest research questions

NS students conceive appropriate algorithmic

solutions





revise

Your NS colleagues ©

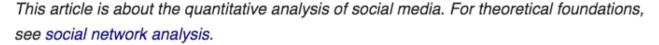




What do we use networks for?

Social media analytics

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

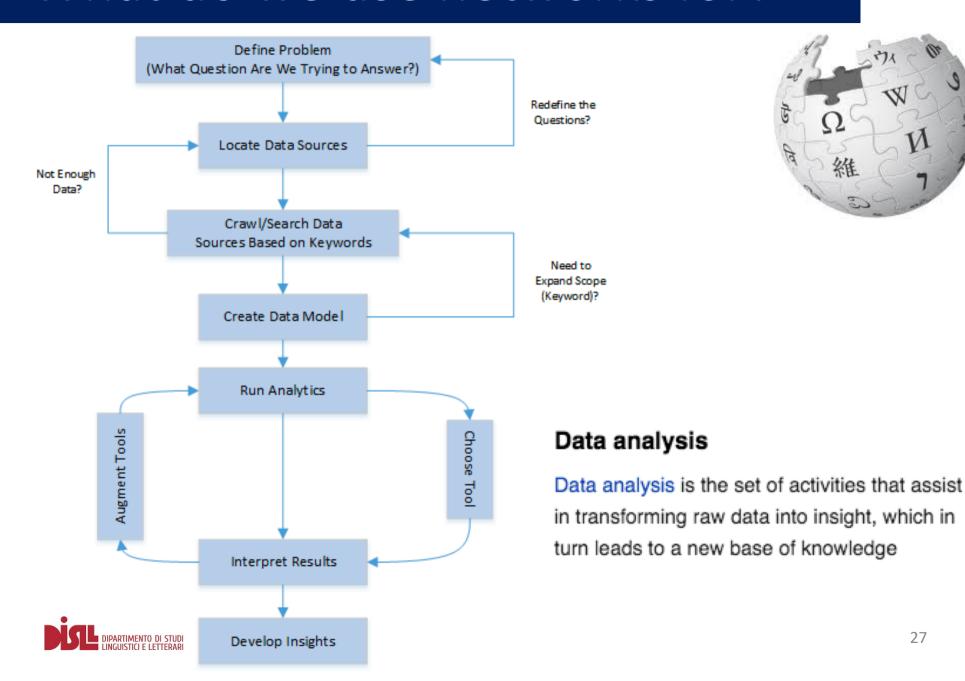




Social media analytics is the process of gathering and analyzing data from social networks such as Facebook, Instagram, LinkedIn and Twitter. It is commonly used by marketers to track online conversations about products and companies. One author defined it as "the art and science of extracting valuable hidden insights from vast amounts of semi-structured and unstructured social media data to enable informed and insightful decision making."^[1]



What do we use networks for?



What is network science?

Network science

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia





Network science is an academic field which studies complex networks such as telecommunication networks, computer networks, biological networks, cognitive and semantic networks, and social networks, considering distinct elements or actors represented by nodes (or vertices) and the connections between the elements or actors as links (or edges). The field draws on theories and methods including graph theory from mathematics, statistical mechanics from physics, data mining and information visualization from computer science, inferential modeling from statistics, and social structure from sociology. The United States National Research Council defines network science as "the study of network representations of physical, biological, and social phenomena leading to predictive models of these phenomena."[1]



Interdisciplinary projects 2019







Dipartimento di Psicologia dello Sviluppo e della Socializzazione

INTERDISCIPLINARY PROJECTS PRESENTATION

Network Science & Social Networks Analysis

AULA MAGNA LEPSCHY

PRIDE - VIA GRADENIGO 6 - PADOVA

Friday 31st Jan - 9:00





Interdisciplinary projects 2019

10:00 IP6 INSULTS AND HATE networks from words in tweets

Salvatore Romano, Carlo Facchin, Enrico Lanza, Abanoub Gaber Aziz Saeed, Alberto Zancanaro

10:40 IP2 ITALIAN POLITICIANS AND IMMIGRATION

Giovanni Boato, Martina Eleno, Riccardo Pinton, Sarra Ben Mayassa, Salihi Memen, Francesco Savio, Mario Serafin

11:20 IP7 NOODLES AND SPAGHETTI

networks from recipes, food colours

Diana Ching-Fang Tai, Elena Camuffo, Giovanni Colotti, Laura Crosara, Federico Fiorenzoli, Daniele Lorenzi, Matteo Moro, Aniello Xie

14:20 IP8 VENETO DIALECT

network of social connections

Ainhoa Sotomayor Aranburu, Ane Arzallus Alonso, Stella Mariz Barafon, Bianca Rangel Campinho, Fabio Cecchinato, Stefano Alberton

15:00 IP3 PRO-LIFE AND PRO-CHOICE networks from words in tweets

Lara Schwarz, Leila Dzanko, Giulia Rizzoli, Sanja Miljanovic, Sara Shena

15:30 IP1 FREEDA NETWORK

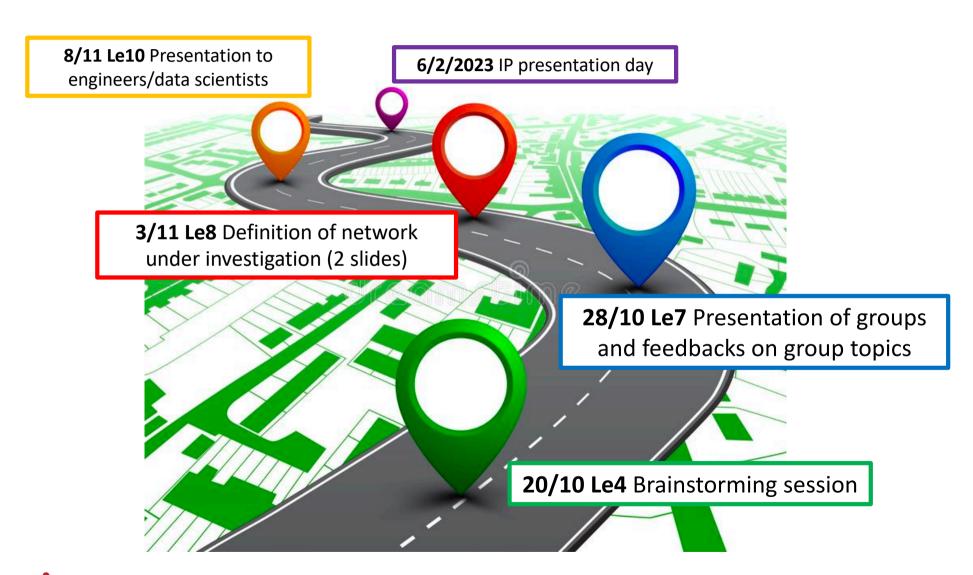
Elena Faccio, Rachele Calamai, Damiano Clementel, Laura lacovissi

16:00 IP5 GRETA EFFECT AND CLIMATE CHANGE

Riccardo Bergamasco, Francesca Civo, Martino De Nardi, Matteo Migliorini, Domenico Solimini, Carlotta Segna



IP roadmap (tentative)





Exam sessions (tentative dates)

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1° session Jan 28?, 2022 (Sat) - 10:00am IP day Feb 6, 2023 (Mon) - 9:00 2° session Feb 18?, 2022 (Sat) - 10:00am
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Others tbd

PS: You will be asked to enrol in www.uniweb.unipd.it

